Building an Effective Team

Jon Bales Executive Director WASDA

Relevant Literature To Draw From

- Organizational Development (Senge, Fullan, Drucker)
- <u>Leadership</u> (Marzano, Bennis, Covey, Sinek)
- Governance (Eadie, NSBA, Carver, Edutopia)
- <u>Team Building (</u>Lencioni, Stanford University, MIT)

What We Know From Effectiveness Literature

Organizational Focus

Operational Alignment

Individual/Collective Commitment

Focus

- The purpose of the system
- The Ends, Results, Outcomes to be achieved
- The shared vision, beliefs, values and priorities of the community

Focus: Team Responsibilities

- Clarify the "purpose" gathered through the members/community in structured process. "Why" we do what we do.
- Articulate the vision, mission and beliefs based on the Purpose
- Identify the Outcomes, Results, Ends to be achieved

Alignment

- \bullet The connection between the focus/results sought and:
 - Policies
 - Organizational Structures
 - Operational Practices
 - Systems and Processes
 - Culture

Alignment: Team Responsibilities

- Establish policies that articulate results, values, priorities of the "community"
- Clarify the role/expectations of the team, team members and the relationship
- Ensure team systems and processes that align team operations with purpose
- Monitor results from operational plans and practices that support achievement of results

Commitment

- Institutionalizing what matters
- Using data-based cycles of continuous improvement
- A long-term, future oriented approach to teamwork outcomes

Commitment: Team Responsibilities

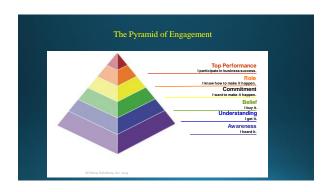
- Inclusive process to develop the Ends, V/M/B, Policies
- Delineate individual responsibilities and role
- Identify the metrics: data/indicators to monitor
- Monitor Consistently
- Evaluate progress, compliance and integrity of Team and individual operations

Five Dysfunctions of a Team; How to Overcome Them

- Absence of Trust <u>Building</u> Trust (F, A)
- Fear of Conflict <u>Mastering</u> Conflict (F, A)
- Lack of Commitment <u>Achieving</u> Commitment (C)
- Avoidance of Accountability <u>Embracing</u> Accountability (C)
- Inattention to Detail <u>Focusing</u> on Results (F, A, C)

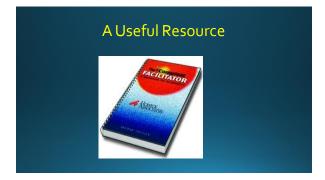






Processes and Tools for Engaging Others

- Backwards Imaging
- Affinity Process
- Stakeholder Analysis
- Elevator Speech
- Glad, Sad, Mad
- Risk Analysis • Six Hat Thinking
- Know, Feel, Do



Characteristics of Effective Teams

- Defined roles and responsibilities
- Open and clear communication Effective decision-making
- Balanced participation
- Valued diversity
- Managed conflict
- Positive atmosphere
 Cooperative relationships
- Participative leadership

Characteristics of Effective Team Members

- Are committed to the teamwork philosophy
- Understand the goals of the team
- Are willing to take initiative cooperate and pitch in
- Are willing to communicate constructively listen actively
- View disagreement as positive
- View team performance evaluation as constructive
- Demonstrate reliability
- Exhibit flexibilityWork as a problem-solver

Characteristics of an Effective Team <u>Leader</u>

- Confidence
- Respectful
- Integrity
- Influential
- Delegation
- Facilitator
- Negotiation

Be Deliberate: Systems and Processes

- Establishing "Purpose"
- Hiring processes
- Orientation
- Operational Structures
- Development and Feedback
- Individual Evaluation aligned with Expectations
- Team Evaluation aligned with Ends
- Recognition / Reward Team Achievement

